

I claim:

1. A method for transmitting data from a transmitting station over a cellular telephone system to a receiving station by means of a modem connected to said cellular telephone system which is operative in an activated state to modulate a carrier signal for said cellular telephone system with a data signal, said method including the steps of placing said modem in the activated state, 40 providing a data signal to said activated modem, maintaining said modem in the activated state for a predetermined time period after a loss of said carrier signal before permitting said modem to deactivate, and causing said modem to remain in said activated state after 45 the loss of said carrier signal if said carrier signal resumes within said predetermined time period. 35

2. The method of claim 1 which includes adding an error control correction data format to said data signal before providing said data signal to said modem. 50

3. The method of claim 1 which includes repetitively providing a unique data byte to said modem during a break in said data signal.

4. The method of claim 2 wherein the addition of said error control correction format involves dividing data 55 to be transmitted into a plurality of data packets, each data packet including a plurality of data words, the number of data words in a data packet determining the size of the data packet, providing said data signal to said modem for transmission to said receiving station, examining the data words in each received data packet at the receiving station for error and determining which data words are acceptable, transmitting an acknowledgment signal to the transmitting station for each acceptable data word, determining from the transmitted acknowledgment signals which data packets were received with unacceptable errors and retransmitting said unacceptable data packets, and determining the frequency of 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100

error in said received data packets from said acknowledgement signals and adjusting the size of subsequent data packets to be transmitted in accordance with said error frequency.

5 5. The method of claim 4 which includes decreasing
the size of subsequent data packets to be transmitted as
the frequency of error in received data packets in-
creases and increasing the packet size of subsequent
data packets to be transmitted as the frequency of error
in received data packets decreases.

10 6. The method of claim 4 which includes sensing a
complete loss of said carrier signal for a predetermined
period at said transmitting station and initiating said
predetermined time period in response to said loss to
15 maintain said modem in the activated state.

15 7. The method of claim 6 which includes causing said
modem to disconnect and terminate transmission to said
receiving station of all data packets if the signal is not
resumed within said predetermined time period.

20 8. The method of claim 7 which includes operating
said modem without a scrambler polynomial and contin-
uously changing said data signal provided to said
modem for modem synchronization.

25 9. The method of claim 8 which includes repetitively
providing a unique data byte to said modem during a
break in said data signal to prevent the modem from
entering a static condition.

30 10. A method for transmitting data between a trans-
mitting station and a receiving station which includes
dividing data to be transmitted into a plurality of data
packets, each data packet including a plurality of data
words, the number of data words in a data packet deter-
35 mining the size of the data packet, transmitting said data
packets to the receiving station, examining the data
words in each received data packet for error and deter-
mining which data words are acceptable, transmitting
an acknowledgment signal to the transmitting station
40 for each acceptable data word, determining from the
transmitted acknowledgment signals which data pack-
ets were received with unacceptable errors and retrans-
mitting said unacceptable data packets, and determining
the frequency of error in said received data packets
45 from said acknowledgment signals and adjusting the
size of subsequent data packets to be transmitted in
accordance with said error frequency.

50 11. The method of claim 10 which includes decreasing
the size of subsequent data packets to be transmitted as
the frequency of error in received data packets in-
creases and increasing the packet size of subsequent
data packets to be transmitted as the frequency of error
55 in received data packets decrease.

60 12. A signal processing interface for communicating
data from a data source over a cellular telephone system
to a receiving means via a cellular telephone radio car-
rier signal comprising processing means connected to
receive data from said data source, said processing
means operating to form said data into a data signal
format to be transmitted as a data signal, the data signal
format including blocks of data, at least one acknowl-
65 edgment signal to be retransmitted by said receiving
means back to said processing means upon receipt of
each of said data blocks, cellular telephone transmission
means operative upon receipt of said data signal format
to transmit said data signal to said receiving means, and
modem means connected to said signal processing
means and said cellular telephone transmission means
and operative to receive said data signal containing said
data signal format from said processing means and to

provide said data signal for transmission to said cellular telephone transmission means, said modem means being operative to disconnect from said cellular telephone transmission means in response to a disconnect signal and inoperative to disconnect in response to a loss of said cellular telephone radio carrier signal, said processing means operating to provide a disconnect signal to said modem means when a delay period subsequent to a loss of said cellular telephone radio carrier signal has elapsed without the resumption of said cellular telephone radio carrier signal. 5 10

13. The signal processing interface of claim 12 wherein said modem means operates without a scrambler polynomial, said processing means operating to continuously change said data signal to provide synchronization for said modem means.

14. The signal processing interface of claim 13 wherein said processing means operates in response to a break in said data to repetitively provide a unique data byte to said modem means for the duration of said break in the data.

15. A cellular telephone data communication system for communicating data from a data source over a cellular telephone system having a mobile transceiver unit operative to transmit and receive cellular telephone signals and a plurality of fixed transceiver units connected to transmit signals over a conventional telephone line system comprising a mobile signal processing interface means connected to said mobile transceiver unit and operative to communicate data from a data source to said mobile transceiver unit for transmission via a cellular telephone radio carrier signal or to receive a transmitted data signal from said mobile transceiver unit, and a static signal processing interface means connected to said conventional telephone line system and operative to communicate data from a data source over said conventional telephone line system to one of said fixed transceiver units for transmission via a cellular telephone radio carrier signal to said mobile unit or to receive a transmitted data signal via said conventional telephone line system, each said mobile signal processing interface means and static signal processing interface means being operative in a transmitting or receiving mode while the other operates in the opposite mode and each including signal processing and control means connected to receive data from a respective data source in the transmitting mode, said signal processing and control means also being operative in the receiving mode to receive a data signal from the associated mobile transceiver unit or associated conventional telephone line system, and modem means connected to said signal processing and control means, the signal processing and control means of the mobile or static signal processing interface means operating in the transmitting mode being operative to receive data from the associated data source and to form said data into a data signal format to be transmitted as a data signal to the modem means connected thereto, said modem means being operative to disconnect in response to a disconnect control signal and inoperative to disconnect in response to a loss of said cellular telephone radio carrier signal, the signal processing and control means operating to provide a disconnect control signal to the modem means connected thereto when a delay period subsequent to a loss of said radio carrier signal has elapsed without the resumption of said telephone radio carrier signal.

16. The cellular telephone data communication system of claim 15 wherein the data signal format is formed

by the signal processing and control means for the mobile or static signal processing interface means operating in the transmitting mode by dividing data to be transmitted into a plurality of data packets, each data

- 5 packet including a plurality of data words, the number of data words in a data packet determining the size of the data packet, the signal processing and control means for the mobile or static signal processing interface means operating in the receiving mode being operative
- 10 to receive and examine the data words in each transmitted data packet for error to determine which data words are acceptable and to transmit an acknowledgement signal for each acceptable data word to the transmitting mobile or static signal processing interface means, the signal processing and control means for the transmitting mobile or static signal processing interface means operating to receive and determine the frequency of error in said received data packets from said acknowledgement signals and to adjust the size of subsequent data packets
- 15 to be transmitted in accordance with said error frequency.
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25 17. The cellular telephone data communication system of claim 16 wherein the signal processing and control means for the transmitting mobile or static signal processing interface means operates to control the size of subsequent data packets inversely to the error frequency detected thereby.

18. A data processing interface for operation in a transmitting mode for transmitting data from a data source over a cellular telephone system to a receiving means via a cellular telephone radio carrier signal comprising processing and control means connected to receive data from said data source, said processing and control means operating to form said data into a data signal format to be transmitted as a data signal, said data signal format including a plurality of data packets, each said data packet including a number of data and control words, the number of words in a data packet determining the size of the data packet, each said data packet including an error control correction data format having at least one acknowledgement section, the acknowledgement section adapted to be retransmitted by said receiving means as an acknowledgment signal when an acceptable data packet is received by said receiving means, and modem means connected to said processing and control means to receive said data signal therfrom, said modem means being operable to modulate said cellular telephone radio carrier signal with said data signal and to provide said modulated signal to said cellular telephone system, said modem means receiving the acknowledgment signals transmitted by the receiving means and operating to provide such acknowledgment signals to said processing and control means, the processing and control means determining from said acknowledgment signals the frequency of error in the received data packets and adjusting the size of subsequent data packets in the data signal in accordance with said error frequency.

60 19. The data processing interface of claim 18 wherein
said processing and control means determines from the
acknowledgment signals which data packets were re-
ceived with unacceptable errors and provides said data
packets to said modem means for retransmission by said
65 cellular telephone system.

20. The data processing interface of claim 19 wherein said modem means operates without a scrambler polynomial, said processing and control means operating to

continuously change the data signal to provide synchronization for said modem means.

21. The data processing interface of claim 19 wherein said modem means operates without a scrambler polynomial, said processing and control means operating in response to a break in the data from said data source to repetitively provide a unique data byte to said modem means for the duration of said break in the data.

22. The data processing interface of claim 19 wherein said modem means is operative to disconnect from said cellular telephone system in response to a disconnect signal and inoperative to disconnect in response to a loss of a cellular telephone radio carrier signal, said processing and control means operating to provide a disconnect signal to said modem means when a delay period subsequent to a loss of said cellular radio carrier signal has elapsed without the resumption of said cellular telephone radio carrier signal.

23. The data processing interface of claim 22 which is operative in a receiving mode to receive a data signal transmitted by said cellular telephone system, said

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modem means receiving the data signal from said cellular telephone system and providing said data signal to said processing and control means, the processing and control means operating to examine the data words in
5 each received data packet for error to identify acceptable data words and providing an acknowledgment signal to said cellular telephone system for each acceptable data word, the processing and control means operating to remove the error control correction data for
10 mat from said data section.

24. The data processing interface of claim 23 wherein said modem means operates without a scrambler polynomial, said processing and control means operating to continuously change said data signal to provide synchronization for said modem means.

25. The data processing interface of claim 24 wherein said processing and control means operates in response to a break in the data from said data source to repetitively provide a unique data byte to said modem means
20 for the duration of the break in said data.

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26. A cellular computer interface device for allowing a portable computer having a conventional data output terminal to operate a mobile cellular telephone having a cellular transceiver adapted to be linked via radio signals to a cellular system in response to bus-compatible control signals generated by a control unit in response to direct operator input and supplied to the cellular transceiver over a bus directly connected to the control unit and the cellular transceiver, comprising

(a) receiving means for receiving instructions from the portable computer,

(b) processing means connected with said receiving means for interpreting the instructions received from the portable computer and for generating cellular transceiver control signals in response to said portable computer generated instructions,

(c) transmitting means connected with said processing means for receiving said cellular transceiver control signals and for generating bus-compatible signals from the said control signals and adapted to be connected with the bus for transmitting said bus compatible signals to the bus to cause the cellular transceiver to place a cellular telephone network call.

27. The device of claim 26 wherein the receiving means for receiving instructions from the portable computer comprises a serial data interface.

28. The device of claim 26 wherein the transmitting means comprises an eight-bit parallel input/output cellular interface.

29. A cellular telephone interface device comprising interface means to connect to a cellular

radiotelephone bus, sensing means connected to the interface means for sensing signals on the cellular bus, control signal generating means connected to the interface means for generating control signals and transmitting said signals to the cellular bus, and processing means connected to the sensing means and to the control signal generating means for receiving and evaluating the signals sensed by the sensing means, wherein the processing means compares the sensed bus signals to expected bus signal values incorporated in said processing means and selects a first mode of operation of the control signal generating means when the sensed bus signals correspond to the expected bus signal values and selects a second mode of operation of the control signal generating means if said sensed bus signals do not correspond to said expected bus signal values.

30. A cellular telephone interface device for use with a mobile cellular telephone of the type that has a cellular transceiver adapted to be linked via radio signals to a cellular system in response to control signals generated by a control unit and supplied to the cellular transceiver over a bus directly connected to the control unit and the cellular transceiver, which allows an analog signaling device external to the mobile cellular telephone to transmit signals to or receive signals from the cellular transceiver using the cellular bus, so that the analog signaling device may transmit or receive signals using the cellular system, comprising

(a) bus interface means for connecting external devices to the cellular bus so that said external devices may transmit signals to or receive signals from the cellular transceiver,

(b) switching means for selectively connecting one

or more external devices to the bus interface means, with at least one of said external devices being the external analog signaling device,

(c) control means for selectively controlling the operation of the switching means to connect the external analog signaling device to the bus interface means.

31. The device of claim 30 wherein the control means controls the operation of the switching means in response to a program internal to the device.

32. The device of claim 30 further comprising a computer interface means for receiving instructions from a portable computer, said interface means connected to the control means, wherein the control means controls the operation of the switching means in response to said received instructions.

33. The device of claim 30 wherein the switching means is an analog switch.

34. The device of claim 30 wherein the external analog signaling device is a modem.

35. An interface system for correcting error in digital data transmitted and received between first and second digital data processing units via a cellular radio telephone link established between (1) a mobile transceiver unit which is adapted to be interfaced with the first digital data processing unit and (2) one of a plurality of fixed transceiver units which are adapted to be interfaced with the second digital data processing unit, comprising:

(a) a mobile signal processing interface means adapted to be connected with the first data processing

unit and the mobile transceiver unit for supplying in digital form the data transmitted from the second digital data processing unit via the cellular telephone system to the first digital data processing unit and for receiving in digital form data from the first digital data processing unit for transmission to the second digital data processing unit via the cellular telephone system;

(b) a static signal processing interface means adapted to be connected between the second data processing unit and the one fixed transceiver unit for supplying in digital form the data transmitted from the first digital data processing unit via the cellular telephone system to the second digital data processing unit and for receiving in digital form data from the second digital data processing unit for transmission to the first digital data processing unit via the cellular telephone system;

wherein each of said mobile signal processing interface means and said static signal processing interface means includes microprocessor means for controlling said signal processing means, each said microprocessor means being programmed to form dividing means for dividing the data produced by the corresponding digital data processing unit into plural groups of digital data, forward error correction encoding means for generating and associating with each group of digital data an error correcting signal for transmission to said other signal processing interface means, and forward error correcting decoding means for receiving the forward error correcting signal generated by the microprocessor of said other signal interface means in association with each group of digital data received from said other signal processing interface means and for using said forward error correcting signal to detect errors and to correct those errors in the associated group of

digital data when the number of detected errors is below a predetermined amount.

36. An interface system as defined in claim 35, wherein said static signal processing interface means is adapted to be connected between the second data processing unit and the one fixed transceiver unit via a telephone land line.

37. An interface system as defined in claim 36, wherein said static signal processing interface means is adapted to be connected between the second data processing unit and a telephone land line connected to the plurality of fixed transceiver units of the cellular system so that digital data transmission and reception between the first and second digital data processing units may continue during movement of the mobile transceiver throughout the geographic cells of the cellular system via a cellular telephone link between the mobile transceiver unit and the fixed transceiver unit associated with the cell within which the mobile transceiver unit is moving.

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